

# Antiviral activity against SARS-CoV-2

## Molecule tested: Telmisartan

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### Introduction

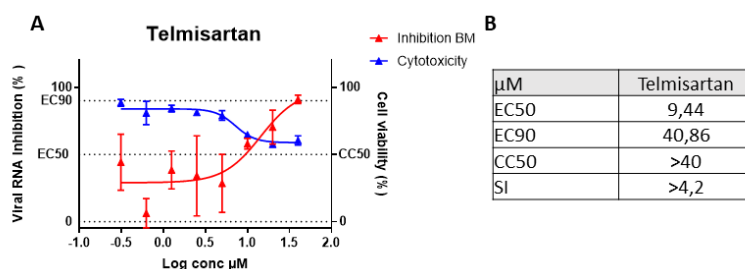
In response to the recent emergence of the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), the causative agent of COVID-19, the Unité des Virus Émergents performed preclinical evaluation of drug candidates against SARS-COV-2. **This interim report has not been peer-reviewed.** The data of this report are available upon request.

The molecule tested here is the Telmisartan: an angiotensin II receptor blocker that it used to treat high blood pressure, heart failure, and diabetic kidney disease.

### *In vitro* evaluation of efficacy of Telmisartan

Telmisartan was evaluated in our preclinical pipeline due to its interaction with the angiotensin II receptor which plays a critical role in the SARS-CoV-2 replication cycle.

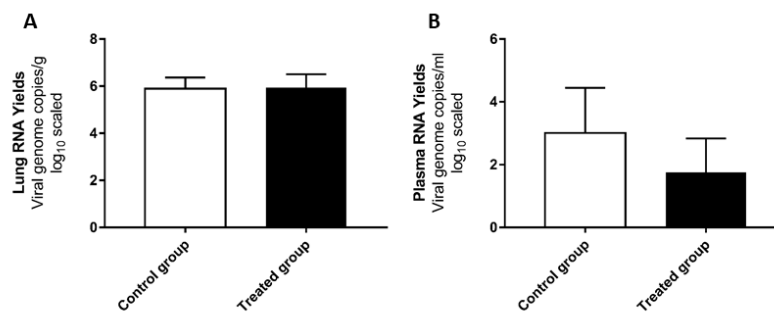
The antiviral activity was characterized from 40  $\mu\text{M}$  to 0.6  $\mu\text{M}$  in Vero-E6 cells using a viral RNA yield reduction assay as previously described (Touret et al., 2019, Touret et al., 2020). Dose-response curves are presented in figure 1A. Telmisartan showed half maximal effective concentration (EC50) and 90% effective concentration (EC90) of 9.44  $\mu\text{M}$  and 40.86  $\mu\text{M}$  respectively, without more than 50% of cytotoxicity at these concentrations (Figure 1B). As Telmisartan was found to be slightly effective against SARS-CoV-2 with a selectivity index (SI) of 4.2, its antiviral activity was evaluated *in vivo*.



**Figure 1:** *In vitro* evaluation of Telmisartan in VeroE6 cells. A: Dose response and cytotoxicity evaluation. B Telmisartann interpolated antiviral activity values. All assay were performed as previously described (Touret et al., 2020).

## ***In vivo* evaluation of efficacy of Telmisartan**

Experiments were approved by the local ethical committee (C2EA—14) and French authorities (APAFIS#23975). Four-week-old female Syrian hamsters were intranasally infected with  $10^4$  TCID<sub>50</sub> of the BavPat1 SARS-CoV2 strain as described previously (Driouich et al., 2020). To assess the efficacy of telmisartan, a group of 6 hamsters received the drug, orally, two times a day (BID). We used one dose of 93 mg/kg/day. Treatment was initiated at day of infection, ended at 2 day post infection (dpi) and animals were sacrificed at 3 dpi. A control group of 6 infected/untreated animals received, orally, 0.9% Sodium Chloride solution. Viral replication was measured in lungs (viral RNA yields) and in plasma (viral RNA yields). Results showed no significant reduction of viral replication in lungs and plasma compared to control group (Figure 2).



**Figure 2:** Viral replication in lungs (A) and in plasma (B). Lung and plasma viral load were measured using a viral RNA yields RT-qPCR assay as previously described (Driouich et al., 2020).

## **Conclusion**

Telmisartan was found to slightly inhibit SARS-CoV-2 replication *in vitro* using Vero-E6 cells. However, results obtained using a hamster model suggest that this molecule is a poor inhibitor of SARS-CoV-2 replication *in vivo*.

## **References**

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- TOURET, F., GILLES, M., BARRAL, K., NOUGAIREDE, A., VAN HELDEN, J., DECROLY, E., DE LAMBALLERIE, X. & COUTARD, B. 2020. In vitro screening of a FDA approved chemical library reveals potential inhibitors of SARS-CoV-2 replication. *Sci Rep*, 10, 13093.